

Ask for
King's
Palace
Trading
Stamps.

WASHINGTON'S FASTEST GROWING STORE.

KING'S PALACE

810-816 Seventh Street.

Well Informed Women Are Spending Half a Day in Visiting Our MILLINERY OPENING.

Washington never set its seal of approval quite so emphatically as on this fall exhibit of Imported and Domestic Millinery. Fashion-loving women have marveled at the size and completeness of the display—truly it is the most comprehensive gathering of hats ever presented in this city. The opening will be continued during the rest of the week. If you would see the autumn-winter styles in their entirety, come while the exhibit is at its best.

Particular Interest Centers Around Our Famous Trimmed Hats at \$4.95, \$7.95 and \$9.95.

King's Palace stands alone in the presentation of exclusive millinery—hats that rival the most expensive imported models—at prices so moderate that they're in reach of everybody's purse. This season we've expended our most earnest efforts in making these hats better than ever, and there are more of them; in fact three times as many hats at the above-popular prices as you'll find at any other Washington store.

\$2, \$3 and \$4 Hats 98c

Handsome Hats you ever saw at the price; no doubt about it. Fashioned chiefly of bengaline and silk boucle, though silk velvet hats are plentifully represented. Choice of all the prevailing fall shapes, such as the mushroom, bell and new side effects. Black and all colors. Special, 98c.

\$1.98

BEAUTIFUL MUSHROOM HATS, MADE OF SATIN AND MESSALINE IN A variety of shapes. Some are noticeably high with wide brims, others are modified. Richly trimmed with folds, rosettes and immense bows. Many finished with white lace edge; complete range of colors.

\$20 Silk Dresses... \$10.98

Made of Chiffon Taffeta Silk and Silk Eolienne.

In black, navy, brown, raspberry, rose and reseda.

All sizes for women and misses in this lot of Pure Silk Princess Dresses. One model has net yoke, with Persian band around neck and Persian tail beneath, trimmed with lace ruffle. The other style has net yoke and waist, trimmed with silk folds piped with Persian silk. Belt is piped to match. Both dresses have the new bobble skirt. \$10.98.

\$18 Fall Suits, \$12.98

These Elegant Suits are shown in sizes for both women and misses, ranging from 14 years up to women's size 46. They are fashioned of broad-suiting, serge and diagonals in all the plain colors, as well as fancy mixtures. 20 and 22 inch coats, satin lined, and in both plain tailored and braided styles. Skirts, as well as sectional pleated and 3 and 11 gored styles. Choice, \$12.98.

\$5.98

High-grade \$10.00 Black French Voile Skirts, in four different styles, comprising panel effect of full pleats, patterned in spots, figures and stripes, and open skirt with pleats trimmed with satin folds; modified hobble effect and full skirt. Choice, \$5.98.

\$3.00 Panama Skirts, excellently tailored in the favorite fall styles. Choice of full pleats and panel pleats. Some trimmed with satin folds. Black, \$1.98; blue and brown. Special, \$1.98.

Fall Dress Goods, 39c

69c and 75c Qualities.

Thursday bargain sale of the following plain and fancy materials: 54-inch Mahanish Checked Suiting, Novelty Wool Plaids, Hairline Stripe Mohairs, Plain Colored Sicilian. These are the fall favorites in dress goods—fabrics that are most sought after for making suits and children's garments. All are splendid weaves, such as are customarily sold for 69c and 75c. Special, yard, 39c.

\$1.25 Yard-wide Black Taffeta Silk, rich, rustling quality; free from filling and pure. Lyons dyed. Yard, 79c.

Lot of \$1.00 and \$1.25 Shams and Scarfs in sizes 30x30 and 18x30; handsomely trimmed with rows of cluny lace and drawwork. Each, 59c.

Men's 2 for 25c Pure Linen Collars, 5c

25c Half Dozen.

To wind up the remainder of our factory purchase of high-grade collars we make the price per half dozen exactly one-third the regular cost; famous 20th Century and Double Triangle brands, in all heights of turn-downs, folds, wings and standing collars; all sizes in the lot.

Men's \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 NEGLIGE SHIRTS... 79c

Another chance to buy shirts of finest quality at a wholesale cost. These are the maker's fall samples—a celebrated brand which has been advertised, because it is handled by a number of exclusive haberdashers in Washington. Light and dark patterns. All in neat style with attached cuffs. All sizes. 79c.

\$3 Black Taffeta Silk Waists, Handsome Tailored Model With Side-pleated Ruffle Down Front. \$1.98

As an opening attraction this value in the Waist Department takes first rank. Black Taffeta Silk Waists are always in demand; hence the little price is bound to make this one of the busiest spots in the store tomorrow. The waists are made of beautiful quality black chiffon taffeta, pure and unadorned. Heavy, fluffy quality with pink or blue borders. Finished with long wool nap. Pair, \$1.49.

\$5 Black Messaline Silk Waists, with embroidered lace yoke and collar; around and beneath yoke are fancy braided scrolls and large medallion; front is pin tucked to bust line; back and cuffs are also tucked. \$2.98

sizes 34 to 44. Special...

Men's \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 NEGLIGE SHIRTS... 79c

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SCHEDE UP SLEEVE

Ex-President Roosevelt Believed to Be Planning Coup.

TO FAVOR TAFT FOR 1912

Only Waiting for Psychological Moment to Spring Surprise.

MAY ANNOUNCE AT SARATOGA

Republican State Convention Possible Occasion for Spectacular Display.

A number of prominent republicans visiting Washington this week have expressed belief that when Theodore Roosevelt stages setting to his liking he will make a dramatic declaration in favor of the renomination and re-election of President Taft. An ideal Rooseveltian opportunity for such a pronouncement, it is pointed out, will be presented at Saratoga next Tuesday if the former President triumphs over the old guard and is chosen temporary chairman of the New York republican convention. There is bound to be some kind of a sensation in the speech he would deliver as temporary chairman, it is declared, and nothing would create such a great stir as for Roosevelt to declare for Taft as the 1912 nominee.

Those by whom this belief is entertained do not acquit the former President of ambition to serve again in the White House. They hold that if he makes such a declaration his purpose will be to further his ambition.

Reasons Assigned.

This is the way they reason it: Mr. Roosevelt wants another chance at the presidency, would like, of course, to be elected in 1912, but is young enough to wait until 1916.

He knows he could be nominated in 1912, if at all, only after the bitterest kind of a pre-convention fight—a fight which would leave wounds that might bleed to the November polls and encompass his defeat.

The contest for control of the state convention this year has been so close as to demonstrate that he could not, two years from now, get a solid delegation from New York to the national convention, and as the unit rules, he would be in republican national conventions, a part of the delegate votes from his own state would be cast against him to the end.

Mr. Roosevelt, being a politician of understanding, knows that with so great a manager as Postmaster General Hitchcock distributing federal patronage the southern delegates to the next national convention are bound to be almost solidly for Taft.

Wants Record for Fair Dealing.

On more than one occasion Roosevelt has expressed solicitude that history shall favor him. Even were he able to defeat Taft for the nomination and to be elected two years from now, he would need a fair record to cleanse his reputation from the charge that he had betrayed his friend.

And then the reasoning proceeds: All these considerations, except the disinclination of New York to prostrate itself at his feet, were palpable when Col. Roosevelt refused to accept the nomination, and he has declared then and there for another term for Taft would not have been at the Roosevelt campaign. He would have been a painful lack of fire and spotlight.

Resigning his year's absence from the country, there was not upon record anything worthy to be dignified as a Roosevelt action within the republican party. It is true that in the field and other individuals were still intense in their devotion, but the rank and file of republicans have accepted Taft at the high valuation Roosevelt placed upon him, were willing to wait to see if the Roosevelt campaign was deserved.

In order that he might have something other than himself to deliver over to the Taft camp, it was necessary that a Roosevelt following should be built in the country. It is declared, knows how ardently this has been done, aided and abetted by the military which Roosevelt has shrouded his attitude toward the Taft administration.

Some believe that Roosevelt in 1912 has gone up, and not being in such volume as to threaten to sweep everything before it, the former President must capitalize in whatever way will be most to his advantage. Col. Roosevelt has too good an insight into politics to believe, especially after the Taft victory in New York, that he has only to waive his hand and Taft will be swept aside.

Defeats Would Destroy Him.

To enter a contest with Taft for the nomination and be defeated would destroy him utterly.

To appear at the psychological moment as the champion and the savior of Taft would mean that he had accepted the nomination, and he would be bound to support Taft. Col. Roosevelt undoubtedly believes, it is argued, that a word from him would still all opposition to Taft's renomination. That he intends to say that word is the belief of the military which Roosevelt says it at the moment it will do Roosevelt most good. Col. Roosevelt believes that the military will support him, and Taft is likely soon to turn, it is declared, he may be expected to make his pronouncement in the next few days, probably at Saratoga if the setting seems propitious.

If he believes they are going to get considerably worse for Taft before they start to mend, it is expected he will delay his declaration until such time as he can make the military feel that he has the fullest measure of credit for the mending.

Officeholders Must Attend to Their Duties

Maryland's Governor Issues an Order Directed at Officials and Those Holding Places Without Pay.

BALTIMORE, Md., September 21.—Gov. Crothers announces that, starting with the next fiscal year, which begins October 1, all state officeholders and those connected with state institutions will be required to attend personally to the duties of their respective places. By that time he believes the vacation season will be over, and then state officers can readily devote their time to their positions.

In making the announcement the governor does not discuss the names of any officials nor any complaints that have been made. The duties of the offices are such that they require the attention of the holders, said the governor. During the past few years these duties have greatly increased and require more attention from the officers than they probably did in the past. Then, too, the public demands that the officeholders should strictly attend to the duties which are assigned to them by the state. I have no criticism to make of any officeholder, but believe that in the future it would be better for the state if every one connected with the government would do his full part in the management of the office or the institution with which he is connected.

Applies to All Officials.

The order applies as forcefully to directors of various state institutions who serve without pay as it does to those who receive salaries. The directors are given absolute charge of the institutions to which they are assigned, and the governor believes that they should attend to the meetings of the boards and familiarize themselves with the workings of the institutions so that they can be managed successfully and economically. They cannot give the necessary time to the management of the institutions, then the governor believes that they should resign so that others who will attend to the duties can be appointed.

PUTS AN END TO INDIGESTION AND A SOUR, GASSY, UPSET STOMACH.

As there is often some one in your family who suffers an attack of indigestion or some form of stomach trouble, why don't you keep some Diaphepsin in the house today?

This medicine does not do anything you can eat without the slightest discomfort, and overcome a sour, gassy stomach five minutes after.

Tell your pharmacist to let you read the formula printed on these 50-cent cases of Diaphepsin, then you will readily see why it makes Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn and other distress go in five minutes and relieves at once such miseries as Belching of Gas, Eructations of sour, undigested food, Nausea, Headaches, Dizziness, Constipation and other stomach disorders.

Some folks have tried so long to find relief from indigestion and dyspepsia or an out-of-order stomach with the common every-day remedies advertised that they have almost made up their minds that they have something else wrong, or believe there is a case of Nervousness, Gastritis, Catarrh of the Stomach or Cancer.

This, no doubt, is a serious mistake. Your real trouble is, what you eat does not digest; instead, it ferments and turns to acid. Gas and stomach pain, which putrify in the digestive tract and intestine, and, besides, poison the blood with mucus and acids.

A hearty appetite, and without the slightest discomfort or misery of the stomach, is waiting for you as soon as you decide to try Diaphepsin.

INFLUENCE OF AMERICAN MISSIONARIES IN TURKEY.

LABOR TO ELEVATE RACE

Modern Improvements Introduced for Benefit of People.

RESPECTED BY ALL CLASSES

Students of Protestant Schools in Ottoman Empire Emigrate to United States.

BY WILLIAM E. CURTIS.

Special Correspondence of The Star and the Chicago Record-Herald.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 21, 1910.

Nowhere in all the world, not even in China or Japan, are the results of the labor and influence of American missionaries more conspicuous or more generally recognized than in the Ottoman empire. They have not confined themselves to making converts to Christianity, but their intelligence and enterprise have been felt even more extensively and effectively in the material than in the spiritual improvement of the people.

The first electric telegraph in Turkey was set up by a missionary. They introduced the first sewing machine, the first printing press and the first modern agricultural implements. They brought the tomato and the potato and other valuable vegetables and fruits that are now staples in the Turkish diet. They started the first dispensary, and the first modern schools. Before they came, not one of the several races in Turkey had the Bible in their own language. Not one of them has the Koran now, but they have the Bible in the Turkish language, every subject of the Turkish Sultan can read the Bible in his own language, and he reads it all.

But a large volume would be necessary to tell what I would like to say on this subject. Mr. Bryce, the British ambassador to Washington, in one of his books says: "I cannot mention the American missionaries without a tribute to the admirable work they have done. They have been the only good influence that has worked from abroad upon the Turkish empire."

Sir William Ramsay, the famous British scientist, who has spent much time in Turkey, is quite enthusiastic, and I could quote a dozen other equally competent authorities as to the character of the men and the results they have accomplished.

Schools and Churches.

The American missionaries have over 400 schools, 130 or more large churches in the centers of population, with populations numbering as high as 2,000, besides a multitude of out stations in the villages of Asia Minor. In the division of territory the Presbyterians have Syria, the United Presbyterians have Egypt, while European Turkey and Asia Minor are occupied by the American board of commissioners of foreign missions, affiliated with the Congregational Church, with headquarters at Boston.

There are several Church of England missions, but the effort to bring the Swedish, German and Swiss Lutherans have schools, churches and orphanages, and have built hospitals in Asia Minor. The American board of commissioners of foreign missions, which is the chief missionary work in Turkey, is quite different from the other agencies, has been done by agents of the American board since 1829, when two missionaries, Dr. Elihu A. Lyman and Dr. James H. Smith, landed at Smyrna and began to prepare themselves for preaching and teaching in the Turkish empire.

The headquarters from which the campaign of evangelization and civilization in Turkey is conducted is the American board of commissioners of foreign missions, which is the chief missionary work in Turkey, is quite different from the other agencies, has been done by agents of the American board since 1829, when two missionaries, Dr. Elihu A. Lyman and Dr. James H. Smith, landed at Smyrna and began to prepare themselves for preaching and teaching in the Turkish empire.

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Serve the Best

Your family and guests will pay you the compliment of having selected the best when you serve them with Pabst Famous Milwaukee Beer.

In permitting this beer to grace your table or to be served to your friends, you are sure to score a success.

Pabst Milwaukee Beer

pleases the eye with its delicate amber hue—it delights the palate with its zesty flavor and helps digestion wait on appetite.

The Pabst Trade-Mark on each and every bottle is a mark of quality—an identification of the world's best beer, the sign of proper aging, delicate flavor and agreeable smoothness.

Phone the dealer below to-day for a trial case.

Pabst Brewing Company

703-705 N. Capitol St., N. E.

Telephone Lincoln 1431

CHRISTY AND WIFE SAID TO HAVE MADE PEACE

Latter Visits the Artist and Their Daughter in His Ohio Home.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio, September 21.—It is rumored that there has been a reconciliation between Mr. and Mrs. Howard Chandler Christy.

Mrs. Christy arrived in Zanesville yesterday morning, and went to her husband's country home in a motor car. In the afternoon, however, she was seen at her playing tennis with Mr. Christy and their eleven-year-old daughter, Natalie.

It was the first family gathering since the sensational proceedings last winter, when Natalie was awarded to the father after the mother today attempted to prove that he was "not a fit person" to care for her.

Last night over the telephone Mr. Christy laughingly refused to comment upon the rumors of reconciliation. Friends of the family say that Mr. Christy recently made a trip to New York and that he intended that peace might be restored for the sake of the little girl.

Since the trial Mrs. Christy has been employed on the staff of a New York newspaper, and she has been a reconciliation between Mr. and Mrs. Howard Chandler Christy.

Explains Bank Balance.

Charles D. Drew Accused of Conspiracy to Defraud Government.

NEW YORK, September 21.—Charles D. Drew yesterday made his political accusation part of his defense in the United States circuit court, where his trial for conspiracy to defraud the government by underweighting Mediterranean cargoes is drawing to a close.

Special Attorney Henry L. Stimson was a witness for the government. Drew's salary having been shown to range between \$2,300 and \$2,500 a year.

"Did that represent your personal savings?" asked Mr. Stimson.

"No, exactly," was the reply. "I represented my own savings, as I had lived frugally for ten years, and some of my wife's money and some of my mother's."

"I see you deposited \$50 in currency during the first half of 1907, and \$1,800 in currency during the latter half."

"Well, I won some election bets that year."

Drew denied that he had ever made assignments of assistance to others.

Sand Cure for Indigestion.

Millionaire Believes He Has Discovered Certain Remedy.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., September 21.—That the ultimate cure for indigestion has been discovered is the belief of William A. Graustein, millionaire head of a milk firm.

Graustein had been a victim of indigestion for years. On the advice of a physician he procured some common building sand, sterilized it and took a spoonful of it three times a day. In six weeks, it is claimed, he was cured.

His friends have tried the same treatment with what was declared to be favorable results. Now whenever Graustein feels run down or has any work in hand requiring "sharpened" faculties he reaches into his desk and takes a spoonful of his panacea from a well filled vial.

MAN MISTAKEN FOR DEER.

Hunter Shot and Instantly Killed by Companion.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., September 21.—Word was received here last night of a fatal hunting accident at Childs, where a man was shot in mistake for a deer. The name of the hunter is not yet known here. The back of his head was blown away by a bullet from a high-powered rifle. Other hunters were bringing the victim's body out of the woods.

This is the second case this season in which a man was shot in mistake for a deer in the Adirondacks. William Andre of Croghan was shot by his son Clyde Monday near Lowville.

Promotes a Romance

See the latest and one of the best of Sewell Ford's stories in the next

Sunday Magazine